

**RECLAMATION DISTRICT NO. 784
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED
JUNE 30, 2024**

RECLAMATION DISTRICT NO. 784
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024
TABLE OF CONTENTS

Independent Auditor’s Report.....	1
Management’s Discussion and Analysis	4
Financial Statements	
Governmental Funds Balance Sheet/Statement of Net Position.....	8
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances/Statement of Activities	9
Notes to Financial Statements.....	10
Supplementary Information	
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Change in Fund Balance Budget to Actual – General Fund	23
Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with <i>Government Auditing Standards</i>	24
Letter to Management.....	26

P.O. Box 160
Lincoln, CA 95648
Office (916) 434-1662
Fax (916) 434-1090

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of the Board of Directors
Reclamation District No. 784
Arboga, California

Report on the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, and the major funds of Reclamation District No. 784 (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, and each major fund of the District, as of June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and with the California State Controller's Minimum Audit Requirements and Reporting Guidelines for Special Districts.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's

ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 4 through 8 and 22 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United

States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report July 23, 2025 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.



Jensen Smith
Certified Public Accountants, Inc.
Lincoln, California
July 23, 2025

RECLAMATION DISTRICT NO. 784 MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Our discussion and analysis of Reclamation District No. 784's financial performance provides an overview of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024. Please read it in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which begin on page 8.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS – 2024

The District's net position includes land, infrastructure (pump stations, ditches, and canals), equipment and cash operating and reserve funds. The District's net position in the government-wide financial statements increased by \$1,300,078 or 5.41%. During the year, the District's revenue was \$5,0423,213 and expenses were \$3,800,312.

The governmental fund activity reflected an increase in the overall fund balances of \$1,223,901. The District's combined governmental fund revenue was \$5,024,213 and expenditures were \$3,800,312.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The Governmental Funds Balance Sheet/Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances/Statement of Activities (on pages 8 and 9) provide information about the activities of the District as a whole and present a long-term view of the District's finances and most significant funds.

Reporting the District as a Whole

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information about the District as a whole and about its activities. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenue and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the District's net position and the changes in it. You can think of the District's net position – the difference between assets and liabilities – as one way to measure the District's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating.

Reporting the District's Funds

Governmental funds – The District's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can easily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's operation. We describe the relationship (or differences) between governmental funds in reconciliation at the bottom of the fund financial statements. The statements have been combined for presentation purposes.

THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

The following analysis focuses on the net position (Table 1) and changes in net position (Table 2) on the District’s governmental activities.

**Table 1
Net Position
(in Thousands)**

	<u>Governmental</u> <u>Activities</u>	
	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>
Current and other assets	\$ 17,899	\$ 15,298
Capital assets	<u>26,266</u>	<u>26,828</u>
Total Assets	<u>44,165</u>	<u>42,126</u>
Current liabilities	790	175
Long-term debt outstanding	4,559	4,546
Other liabilities	<u>13,476</u>	<u>13,365</u>
Total Liabilities	<u>18,825</u>	<u>18,086</u>
Net position:		
Invested in capital assets, net of debt	21,707	22,282
Unrestricted	<u>3,633</u>	<u>1,758</u>
Total Net Position	<u>\$ 25,340</u>	<u>\$24,040</u>

**Table 2
Changes in Net Position
(in Thousands)**

	<u>Governmental Activities</u>	
	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>
Revenue:		
Property assessments	\$ 3,546	\$ 3,456
Plan check review fees	16	16
Miscellaneous revenue	108	152
Interest	417	220
Impact fees	216	768
State and local grants	1,421	879
Unrealized gains (losses)	<u>-34</u>	<u>36</u>
Total Revenue	<u>5,690</u>	<u>5,527</u>
Expenses:		
Salaries and benefits	772	801
Insurance	74	50
Professional fees	206	245
Services & supplies	339	305
Maintenance and repair	2,035	664
Other	312	2,147
Depreciation	<u>652</u>	<u>651</u>
Total Expenses	<u>4,390</u>	<u>4,863</u>
Increase in Net Position	<u>\$ 1,300</u>	<u>\$ 664</u>

Governmental Activities

The revenues for the District’s governmental activities as described in the Statement of Activities, increased by 2.95% (\$163,243) while total expenses decreased by 9.72% (\$472,786). The decrease in revenue was due to state and local grants. The decreased miscellaneous expenses were due to fewer fee escalation expenses.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

Income

Miscellaneous revenues, grants (aside from the assessment amounts), plan check fees, and drainage basin impact fees are one-time income items that cannot be anticipated and therefore, not budgeted. Interest income varies with account balances which vary based on completion of development projects.

Expenditures

Relief well repair and rehabilitation expenses continue to be substantial. This work is required to be completed every five years. Equipment maintenance and repair costs were reduced substantially over the year, as well as levee maintenance costs.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

On June 30, 2024, the District had \$26,266,201 invested in capital assets (see Table 3).

Table 3
Capital Assets at Year-End
(Net of Depreciation, in Thousands)

	<u>Government Activities</u>	
	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>
Equipment	\$ 205	\$ 176
Pumping plants	7,864	8,206
Building	42	47
Detention ponds	<u>18,155</u>	<u>18,399</u>
Total	<u>\$ 26,266</u>	<u>\$ 26,828</u>

Debt

At the end of fiscal year 2023-24, the District had liabilities of \$5,349,400 outstanding versus \$4,721,311 in 2022-23, an increase of 13.3%. Accounts payable increased due to the timing of expenditures on grant projects. The decrease in accrued expenses is from a decrease in compensated absences payable. Notes payable increased due to annual escalation fees.

Table 4
Outstanding Debt at Year-End
(in Thousands)

	<u>Governmental Activities</u>	
	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>
Accounts payable	\$ 727	\$ 44
Accrued expenses	63	130
Notes payable	<u>4,559</u>	<u>4,547</u>
Total	<u>\$ 5,349</u>	<u>\$ 4,721</u>

MANAGEMENT ANALYSIS

Management adopted expense strategies to conserve operating funds to create reserves for future operating needs including engineering, legal, permitting, repairs, emergency power bills, equipment purchases, maintenance, and testing. Occasional use of leased workers allowed management to utilize a fulltime workforce while minimizing taxes, insurance, regulatory and benefit costs.

Except as noted above, next year's budget categories are very similar to this year's budget. The District anticipates increased residential growth in the near term.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the District office at 1594 Broadway, Arboga, California.

RECLAMATION DISTRICT NO. 784
Governmental Funds Balance Sheet/Statement of Net Position
June 30, 2024

	Governmental Funds Balance Sheet			Statement of Net Position	
	General Fund	Capital Fund	Total	Adjustments	Total
ASSETS					
CURRENT ASSETS					
Cash	\$ 868,758	\$ -	\$ 868,758	\$ -	\$ 868,758
Cash in County Investment Pool	6,802,751	9,085,637	15,888,388	-	15,888,388
Accounts Receivable	71,245	-	71,245	-	71,245
Grants Receivable	-	-	-	764,773 a	764,773
Interest Receivable	119,746	-	119,746	-	119,746
Prepaid Insurance	-	-	-	-	-
Total Current Assets	7,862,500	9,085,637	16,948,137	764,773	17,712,910
NON-CURRENT ASSETS					
Investment in Flood Fight Coalition Assets	-	-	-	186,218 b	186,218
Capital Assets- net	-	-	-	26,266,201 b	26,266,201
Total Non-Current Assets	-	-	-	26,452,419)	26,452,419
Total Assets	\$ 7,862,500	\$ 9,085,637	\$ 16,948,137	27,217,192	44,165,329
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES					
CURRENT LIABILITIES					
Personnel Costs Payable	\$ 26,064	\$ -	\$ 26,064	-	26,064
Accounts Payable	727,316	-	727,316	-	727,316
Compensated Absences	-	-	-	36,991 c	36,991
Total Current Liabilities	753,380	-	753,380	36,991	790,371
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES					
Reimbursements Payable	-	-	-	4,559,029 d	4,559,029
Total Long-Term Liabilities	-	-	-	4,559,029	4,559,029
Total Liabilities	753,380	-	753,380	4,596,020	5,349,400
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred Income - Grant Advance	19,259	-	19,259	-	19,259
Deferred Development Fees	-	-	-	13,456,663 d	13,456,663
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	19,259	-	19,259	13,456,663	13,475,922
FUND BALANCES					
Restricted	-	9,085,637	9,085,637	(9,085,637)	-
Unassigned	7,089,861	-	7,089,861	(7,089,861)	-
Total Fund Balances	7,089,861	9,085,637	16,175,498	(16,175,498)	-
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 7,862,500	\$ 9,085,637	\$ 16,948,137		
NET POSITION					
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt and accumulated depreciation				21,707,172	21,707,172
Unrestricted				3,632,835	3,632,835
Total Net Position				\$ 25,340,007	\$ 25,340,007

a - Revenues received more than sixty days after the fiscal year end are not considered currently available resources and therefore are not reported as revenues in the governmental funds activities.

b - Capital assets used in the governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the

c - Compensated absences payable applicable to the District's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and, accordingly, are not reported as a fund liability

d - Loans Payable and Deferred Development Fees applicable to the District's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and, accordingly, are not reported as a fund liability.

RECLAMATION DISTRICT NO. 784
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances/Statement of Activities
For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	General Fund			Adjustments	Statement of
	Unrestricted Fund	Capital Fund	Total		Activities Total
Revenues					
Property Assessments- Direct & Indirect	\$ 3,545,987	\$ -	\$ 3,545,987	\$ -	\$ 3,545,987
Impact Fees	-	215,425	215,425	-	215,425
State and Local Grants	755,544	-	755,544	665,737 a	1,421,281
Miscellaneous Revenue	108,096	-	108,096	-	108,096
Plan Check Review Fees	16,150	-	16,150	-	16,150
Interest Income	326,051	91,091	417,142	-	417,142
Unrealized Gains (Losses)	(34,131)	-	(34,131)	-	(34,131)
Total Revenue	<u>4,717,697</u>	<u>306,516</u>	<u>5,024,213</u>	<u>665,737</u>	<u>5,689,950</u>
Expenditures					
Salaries, Wages, and Benefits	848,962	-	848,962	(76,468) b	772,494
Engineering	159,766	-	159,766	-	159,766
Professional Fees	46,079	-	46,079	-	46,079
Insurance	73,793	-	73,793	-	73,793
Telecommunications	35,956	-	35,956	-	35,956
Utilities	142,721	-	142,721	-	142,721
Office Supplies & Costs	28,770	-	28,770	-	28,770
Supplies & Tools	55,942	-	55,942	-	55,942
Fuel & Oil	54,980	-	54,980	-	54,980
Equipment Maintenance & Repair	44,342	-	44,342	-	44,342
Pump Maintenance & Repair	163,859	-	163,859	-	163,859
Levee Maintenance & Repair	1,524,705	-	1,524,705	-	1,524,705
Ditch & Canals Repairs	71,265	-	71,265	-	71,265
Vehicle Maintenance & Repair	8,367	-	8,367	-	8,367
Safety Equipment & Training	12,182	-	12,182	-	12,182
Flood Fight Training & Supplies	1,997	-	1,997	-	1,997
Security	29,536	-	29,536	-	29,536
Contract Services	242,904	-	242,904	-	242,904
Meetings and Memberships	21,403	-	21,403	-	21,403
Permits & Fees	9,754	-	9,754	-	9,754
Miscellaneous	85,877	-	85,877	-	85,877
Debt Service					
Principal	47,086	-	47,086	(47,086) c	-
Interest and Other Charges	-	-	-	151,019 d	151,019
Capital Outlay	-	90,066	90,066	(90,066) f	-
Depreciation Expense	-	-	-	652,161 e	652,161
Total Expenditures	<u>3,710,246</u>	<u>90,066</u>	<u>3,800,312</u>	<u>589,560</u>	<u>4,389,872</u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures:	1,007,451	216,450	1,223,901	76,177	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources over Expenditures and Other Financing Uses:	1,007,451	216,450	1,223,901	76,177	
Change in Net Position					1,300,078
Fund Balances/Net Position, June 30, 2023	6,082,410	8,869,187	14,951,597	9,088,332	24,039,929
Fund Balances/Net Position, June 30, 2024	<u>\$ 7,089,861</u>	<u>\$ 9,085,637</u>	<u>\$ 16,175,498</u>	<u>\$ 9,164,509</u>	<u>\$ 25,340,007</u>

a Receivables collected more than sixty days after fiscal year end are not considered currently available and, therefore, are not reported as a fund asset.

b, d,&e Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources, and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

b) Change in Compensated Absences

d) Escalation Fees

e) Depreciation

c Governmental funds report debt service payments as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the liability is reduced.

f Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is capitalized as fixed assets.

See the accompanying notes to financial statements

RECLAMATION DISTRICT NO. 784
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Financial Reporting Entity

Reclamation District No. 784 is a special district within the County of Yuba governed by an elected, independent five-member Board of Directors. Reclamation District No. 784 was established May 6, 1908, under the General Reclamation District Law.

The District accounts for its financial transactions in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). GASB is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles for state and local governments through its pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations). The significant accounting policies established and used by the District are described below.

Reporting for a component unit can be blended or discretely presented. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are in substance, part of the District's operations. Blended component units are an extension of the District, so data from these units is combined with data of the District. Discretely presented component units are reported in a separate column in the combined financial statements to emphasize that they are legally separate from the District.

There are no component units of the District which meet the criteria of either the blended or discrete presentation.

Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide Financial Statements The statement of net position and statement of activities display information about the reporting entity as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed, in whole or in part, by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function; and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include: (a) fees, fines, and charges paid by recipients of goods or services offered by the major programs; and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes and unrestricted grants and contributions, are presented as general revenues.

RECLAMATION DISTRICT NO. 784
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Fund Financial Statements Fund financial statements are organized by funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitute assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses. Funds are organized into three major categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the District or meets the following criteria:

Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10% of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type; and

Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental fund or enterprise fund are at least 5% of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

The funds of the District are described below.

Major Governmental Funds

General Fund is the general operating fund of the District. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus is a term used to describe “which” transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to “when” transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Measurement Focus On the government-wide statement of net position and the statement of activities, both governmental and business-like activities are presented using the “economic resources” measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net position (or cost recovery), financial position, and cash flows. All assets, deferred inflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred outflows of resources (whether current or noncurrent) associated with their activities are reported. Fund equity is classified as net position.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds utilize a “current financial resources” measurement focus. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.

RECLAMATION DISTRICT NO. 784
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Basis of Accounting In the government-wide statement of net position and statement of activities, both governmental and business-like activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds and agency funds are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when “measurable and available.” Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Available means collectible within the current period or within one year. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for general obligation bond principal and interest which are reported when due.

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The District operates under the general laws of the State of California and annually adopts a budget to be effective July 1 for the ensuing fiscal year.

Unused appropriations for all annually budgeted funds lapse at the end of the year.

Budgeted amounts are the final authorized amounts as revised during the year. Budgeted amounts are adopted on a basis substantially consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Accordingly, actual revenues and expenditures can be compared with related budgeted amounts without any significant reconciling items.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those amounts.

Cash and Investments

For financial statement purposes “cash and cash equivalents” includes all demand, savings accounts, certificates of deposit, or short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less.

RECLAMATION DISTRICT NO. 784
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

Interest Receivable

Interest receivable represent amounts due from Yuba County that the District has earned or been allocated, but has not received, as of June 30, 2024.

Other Receivables

Receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end and not received. Management believes all amounts are collectible.

Prepaid Expenses

Prepaid expenses consist of operating expenses for which payment is due in advance and which are expensed when the benefit is received.

Investment in Flood Fight Coalition Assets

In 2014, the District purchased inventory of flood fight assets as part of the Yuba-Sutter Regional Flood Fight Coalition. At June 30, 2024, inventory of \$186,218 shown on the statement of net position as a noncurrent asset represents those assets held in storage until needed in event of a flood emergency.

Capital Assets

The accounting treatment over property, plant, and equipment (fixed assets) depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

Government-Wide Statements Capital assets purchased or acquired with an original cost of \$1,000 or more are reported at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Contributed assets are reported at fair market value as of the date received. Additions, improvements, and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized.

Capital assets are depreciated over their estimated useful lives. The purpose of depreciation is to spread the cost of capital assets equitably over the estimated useful lives of these assets. Depreciation is provided using the straight-line method. The District has assigned the estimated useful lives listed below to capital assets.

Buildings and Land Improvements	50 years
Pump Stations	30 years
Machinery	7 years

Fund Financial Statements In the fund financial statements, fixed assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition.

RECLAMATION DISTRICT NO. 784
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Compensated Absences

It is the District's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick leave which will be paid to employees upon separation from District service. The amount accumulated as of June 30, 2024, was \$36,991.

Deferred Inflows

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position includes a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and would only be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) at that time.

Equity Classifications

Government-Wide Statements Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt – This category groups all the capital assets into one component of net position. Accumulated depreciation and the outstanding balances of debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of these assets reduce the balance in this category.

Restricted Net Position – This category represents net position with external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments and restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted Net Position – This category represents net position of the District, not restricted for any project or other purpose.

Fund Statements Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Fund balance is further classified and displayed in five components:

Nonspendable – This category includes elements of the fund balance that cannot be spent because of their form, or because they must be maintained intact. For example:

Assets that will never convert to cash, such as prepaid items and inventories of supplies;

Assets that will not convert to cash soon enough to affect the current period, such as non-financial assets held for resale; or

Resources that must be held intact pursuant to legal or contractual requirements, such as revolving loan fund capital or the principal of an endowment.

Restricted – This category includes resources that are subject to constraints that are externally enforceable legal restrictions.

**RECLAMATION DISTRICT NO. 784
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2024**

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Committed –Two criteria determine the committed fund balance:

First, use of funds is constrained by limits imposed by the government’s highest level of decision making. The highest level of decision making for the District is the Board of Directors.

Second, removal or modification of use of funds can be accomplished only by formal action of the authority (i.e., Board of Directors) that established the constraints.

Both commitments and modifications or removal must occur prior to the end of the reporting period; that is, the fiscal year being reported upon.

Assigned –The assigned portion of the fund balance reflects the District’s intended use of resources, which is established either by the Board of Directors, a body created by the District, such as a District finance committee, or an official designated by the District (e.g., a general manager). The “assigned” component is similar to the “committed” component, with two essential differences, shown in the following table:

Key Differences Between Committed and Assigned Fund Balance		
	Committed	Assigned
A decision to use funds for a specific purpose requires action of the Board of Directors.	Yes	No
Formal action of the Board is necessary to impose, remove or modify this constraint and formal action has taken place before the end of the reporting period.	Yes	No

The Board of Directors can assign amounts under this category, and may also authorize the General Manager to assign amounts under this category when that decision is consistent with the approved long-term financial plan.

Unassigned – This category includes the fund balance that cannot be classified into any of the other categories.

If situations arise where there is a possibility of assignment into more than one category, the committed amount will be reduced first, followed by assigned or restricted amounts, and then unassigned or unrestricted amounts.

RECLAMATION DISTRICT NO. 784
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

Revenues – Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded under the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On the modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and available. “Available” means the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, “available” means collectible within the period or within 60 days after year-end.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes and assessments, grants, and entitlements. Revenue from grants and entitlements is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Special Assessments

In June 1978, the District’s portion of the Yuba County property taxes collected was reduced due to the passage of Proposition 13 to a level which was well below the funding needs of the District. Therefore, a resolution was passed removing the District from the tax rolls and levying a special assessment directly on the residents of the District. Historically, Yuba County administered the collection of these special assessments under the Teeter Plan, which ensured the District received full anticipated assessment revenues regardless of delinquencies. However, since FY 2023–2024, these assessments are no longer administered under the Teeter Plan. The District now receives only the actual assessments collected by Yuba County, without any guarantee or advancement of unpaid balances. While the County still handles collection of these "Non-Teetered Assessments", it no longer ensures the District receives full payment of all assessments upon the initial due date.

Expenditures and Expenses

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time a liability is incurred. On the modified accrual basis of accounting, expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, as under the accrual basis of accounting. However, under the modified accrual basis of accounting, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. Allocations of costs, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds.

**RECLAMATION DISTRICT NO. 784
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2024**

NOTE 2: CREDIT RISK, CARRYING AMOUNT, AND MARKET VALUE OF INVESTMENTS

Most cash at June 30, 2024, is pooled for investment purposes and held by Yuba County. Interest is apportioned quarterly to the District based on the average daily balances on deposit with the County. The Yuba County Treasury is an external investment pool for the District and the District is considered an involuntary participant. The District does not own any specific identifiable investments in the pool.

The investments made by the Treasurer are regulated by Article 6, Section 27131, of the California Government Code and by the County’s investment policy. Investments are monitored annually by the Treasury Oversight Committee established by the County and by the Board of Supervisors.

State law and the County’s investment policy limit investments in commercial paper to the rating of A1 by Standards & Poor’s or P1 by Moody’s Investors Services. State law and the County’s investment policy also limit investments in corporate bonds to the rating of A by Standard & Poor’s and Moody’s Investors Services. Information regarding categorization of cash and investments held in the Yuba County Treasury can be found in the County of Yuba’s financial statements.

The difference between the carrying value and the fair value of cash and investments was considered material to the District’s financial statements; therefore, an adjustment to fair value was made for GASB No. 31, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pods compliance. The change in fair market value from the prior year is recorded as Unrealized Gain or Loss.

The carrying amount and fair value of pooled investments as of June 30, 2024, are as follows:

<u>Pooled Investments:</u>	Carrying Amount	Fair Value	Difference
Yuba County	\$ 16,337,792	\$ 15,888,388	\$ 449,404

Fair Value Measurements

Investments of the District are summarized below. The investments that are presented by specific identifiable investment securities are classified as a credit risk by three categories as follows:

Category 1: Includes investments that are insured or registered or for which securities are held by the District or its agent in the District’s name.

Category 2: Includes uninsured and unregistered investments for which the securities are held by the broker’s or dealer’s trust department or agent in the District’s name.

Category 3: Includes uninsured and unregistered investments for which the securities are held by the broker or dealer, or by its trust department or agent, but not in the District’s name.

RECLAMATION DISTRICT NO. 784
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 2: CREDIT RISK, CARRYING AMOUNT, AND MARKET VALUE OF INVESTMENTS - Continued

Credit Risk

Financial instruments which potentially subject the District to concentrations of credit risk, as defined by FASB Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 105, consist principally of cash accounts. The District places its temporary cash with creditworthy, high-quality financial institutions. At June 30, 2024, the District had no funds in excess of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insured limits. The District has not experienced any losses in these accounts.

NOTE 3: CAPITAL ASSETS

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets of the District at June 30, 2024:

	<u>Balances</u> <u>June 30, 2023</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Retirements and</u> <u>Adjustments</u>	<u>Balances</u> <u>June 30, 2024</u>
Equipment	\$ 977,644	\$ 90,066	\$ (34,048)	\$ 1,033,662
Pumping Plants	12,952,600	-	-	12,952,600
Buildings	175,681	-	-	175,681
Detention Ponds	<u>21,467,415</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>21,467,415</u>
Total Assets at Historical or Estimated Cost	35,573,340	90,066	(34,048)	35,628,358
Less Accumulated Depreciation				
Equipment	(801,502)	(60,798)	34,048	(828,252)
Pumping Plants	(4,746,212)	(342,633)	-	(5,088,845)
Buildings	(129,233)	(4,238)	-	(133,471)
Detention Ponds	<u>(3,068,097)</u>	<u>(244,492)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(3,312,589)</u>
Total Accumulated Depreciation	<u>(8,745,044)</u>	<u>(652,161)</u>	<u>34,048</u>	<u>(9,363,157)</u>
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	<u>\$ 26,828,296</u>	<u>\$ (562,095)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 26,266,201</u>

Depreciation expense for the year ended June 30, 2024, was \$652,161.

RECLAMATION DISTRICT NO. 784
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 4: CHANGES IN GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT

At June 30, 2024, general long-term debt consisted of the following:

	Balance June 30, 2023	Additions	Retirements	Balance June 30, 2024
TRLIA Pump #3	\$ 70,304	\$ -	\$ 196	\$ 70,108
TRLIA Pump #6	1,356,858	-	36,489	1,320,369
TRLIA Pump #10	97,536	-	10,401	87,135
Offsite Linear Detention	374,439	7,376	-	381,815
Drainage Facilities	2,273,009	44,778	-	2,317,787
Offsite Linear Detention	374,439	7,376	-	381,815
Total	<u>\$ 4,546,585</u>	<u>\$ 59,530</u>	<u>\$ 47,086</u>	<u>\$ 4,559,029</u>

Maturities of long-term debt are as follows for the year ending June 30:

2025	\$ -
2026	-
2027	-
2028	-
2029	-
Thereafter	<u>4,559,029</u>
Total	<u>\$4,559,029</u>

- 1) On November 7, 2007, the District signed an agreement with the Three Rivers Levee Improvement Authority (TRLIA) to provide for payments in recognition of TRLIA's reconstruction of Pump Station No. 6. On February 7, 2023, the District approved an amended agreement to confirm no automatic escalation rate. Payments will be made from drainage impact fees collected until the total of such payments is \$1,583,125. At June 30, 2024, \$226,267 has been paid on this agreement.
- 2) On January 29, 2008, the District signed an agreement with the TRLIA to provide funds in recognition of TRLIA's construction of Pump Station No. 10 discharge pipe crossing of the Feather Setback Levee. On February 7, 2023, the District approved an amended agreement to confirm no automatic escalation rate. Payments will be made from drainage impact fees collected until the total of such payments is \$407,823. At June 30, 2024, \$320,688 has been paid on this agreement.
- 3) On December 4, 2007, the District signed an agreement with the TRLIA to provide funds in recognition of TRLIA's relocation of Pump Station No. 3. On April 2, 2013, the District approved an amended agreement based on the State of California funding more of the cost share. On February 7, 2023, the District approved an amended agreement to confirm no automatic escalation rate. Payments will be made from drainage impact fees collected until the total of such payments is \$191,680. At June 30, 2024, \$121,572 has been paid on this agreement.
- 4) On February 5, 2008, the District signed an agreement with a developer to provide funds in recognition of the developer's construction of drainage facilities in the amount of \$1,517,706, subject to accrual of annual escalation fees outlined in the 2011 Nexus study. Payments will be made from drainage impact fees collected until repaid.

**RECLAMATION DISTRICT NO. 784
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2024**

NOTE 4: CHANGES IN GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT – Continued

- 5) On September 14, 2010 the District signed an agreement with a developer to provide funds in recognition of the developer’s construction of an offsite linear detention pond in the amount of \$1,975,832, subject to accrual of annual escalation fees outlined in the 2011 Nexus study. Payments will be made from drainage impact fees collected until repaid. At June 30, 2024, \$1,594,017 has been paid on this agreement.
- 6) On September 14, 2010, the District signed a separate agreement with a developer to provide funds in recognition of the developer’s construction of an offsite linear detention pond in the amount of \$1,975,832, subject to accrual of annual escalation fees outlined in the 2011 Nexus study. Payments will be made from drainage impact fees collected until repaid. At June 30, 2024, \$1,594,017 has been paid on this agreement.

NOTE 5: DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PENSION PLAN

Plan Description

The District’s Board has adopted a Defined Contribution Pension Plan which provides retirement and benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The name of the plan is Reclamation District No. 784 Defined Contribution Plan. The plan is administered by an independent trustee, Lincoln National Life Insurance Company. The Plan’s effective date is April 1, 2019. The Plan year is defined as a calendar year.

Eligibility

To become a participant in the plan, an eligible employee must be employed a minimum of six (6) months, but not exceeding 24 months. If more than 12 months, 100% vesting is required. Service need not be continuous (no minimum hours of service required; mere passage of time is sufficient.)

Plan Contributions

The District’s monthly contribution is 12% of the base salary for each eligible employee.

Annual Pension Cost

The District’s annual pension costs were as follows:

<u>Fiscal Year</u>	<u>Amount</u>
2023-2024	\$65,074
2022-2023	\$61,118
2021-2022	\$50,975
2020-2021	\$41,095
2019-2020	\$42,761
2018-2019	\$31,015
2017-2018	\$27,928
2016-2017	\$29,022
2015-2016	\$28,852
2014-2015	\$25,608

The District reserves the right to change retirement plans without prior notice.

RECLAMATION DISTRICT NO. 784
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 6: RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; damage to, and theft or destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disaster.

During 2023-24, the District contracted with Golden State Risk Management for liability, property, and crime damage. The policy limit is \$50,000,000 per occurrence for general liability. The policy covers Officers and Board of Trustees, Errors and Omissions, Auto Liability and Pollution Liability coverage. There is no aggregate limit on this coverage. Property coverage is all risk, replacement cost, and provides up to \$600,000 per covered loss, including physical damage to vehicles, mobile equipment, boiler, and machinery.

The District has had no significant reduction in insurance coverage from prior years. The District has had no settlements exceed insurance coverage for the past seven years.

The District's group health insurance program is through Anthem Blue Shield.

Workers' compensation coverage is maintained by paying premiums to the Golden State Risk Management Authority. The premium is calculated based upon accident history and administrative costs.

NOTE 7: DEVELOPERS' DEPOSITS AND REIMBURSEMENTS

The District acts as a fiduciary for various developers in Reclamation District No. 784. The funds are deposited by various developers to meet their obligation under the Reclamation District No. 784 Master Drainage Plan to ensure that the drainage systems are fully funded and built.

At June 30, 2024, the District was holding the following developers' fees, deferred fee credits and funds for administration, engineering and contingencies:

Developer Fees	\$4,486,039
Construction Improvements and Deferred Credits	\$8,970,625

The construction improvements and deferred credits are subject to accrual of annual escalation fees outlined in the 2011 Nexus study.

The District has been collecting developer deposits for the Master Drainage Plan since fiscal year 2003-2004. During this period of time various developers have transferred their interests in various developments to other developers. The records of which deposits have been utilized are kept by the District but the subsequent developers must rely upon the District's accounting for these deposits, as previous developers have not shared that information with them. Accordingly, subsequent developers cannot provide third-party verification of the District's accounting for deposits.

RECLAMATION DISTRICT NO. 784
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 8: CONTINGENCIES

In September 23, 2022, the Central Valley Flood Protection Board adopted the Department of Water Resources Statement of Necessary Work to form a State Maintenance Area for operation and maintenance of the District's rural levees (Units 3B, 5, and 6), and directed Central Valley Flood Protection staff to proceed with the State Maintenance Area formation. On June 28, 2024, the Central Valley Flood Protection Board adopted an amended Department of Water Resources Statement of Necessary Work for operation and maintenance of RD784's rural levees as well as levees in RD817. At the time of this report, the State Maintenance Area formation process is still ongoing.

NOTE 9: SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Events subsequent to June 30, 2024 have been evaluated through July 23, 2025, the date at which the District's audited financial statements were available to be issued. No events requiring disclosure have occurred through this date.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

RECLAMATION DISTRICT NO. 784
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Change in Fund Balance, Budgeted to Actual
General Fund Unrestricted
For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	<small>Final</small> Amended Budget	Actual	Variance Over (Under) Budget
Revenues	Budget	Actual	Budget
Property Assessments- Direct & Indirect	\$ 3,803,509	\$ 3,545,987	\$ (257,522)
State and Local Grants	1,723,001	755,544	(967,457)
Miscellaneous Revenue	-	108,096	108,096
Plan Check Review Fees	15,000	16,150	1,150
Interest Income	-	326,051	326,051
Unrealized Gains (Losses)	-	(34,131)	(34,131)
Total Revenue	5,541,510	4,717,697	(823,813)
Expenditures			
Salaries and Benefits	1,135,840	848,962	(286,878)
Engineering	260,000	159,766	(100,234)
Professional Fees	130,000	46,079	(83,921)
Insurance	81,300	73,793	(7,507)
Telecommunications	50,000	35,956	(14,044)
Utilities	171,500	142,721	(28,779)
Office Supplies & Costs	17,400	28,770	11,370
Shop Supplies & Costs	20,000	55,942	35,942
Fuel & Oil	50,000	54,980	4,980
Equipment Maintenance & Repair	25,000	44,342	19,342
Pump Maintenance & Repair	370,500	163,859	(206,641)
Levee Maintenance & Repair	933,500	1,524,705	591,205
Ditch & Canal Repairs	185,700	71,265	(114,435)
Vehicle Maintenance & Repair	25,000	8,367	(16,633)
Safety Equipment & Training	49,000	12,182	(36,818)
Flood Fight Training & Supplies	5,000	1,997	(3,003)
Security	72,000	29,536	(42,464)
Fixed Asset Acquisition	24,000	-	(24,000)
Contract Services	90,000	242,904	152,904
Meetings & Memberships	52,414	21,403	(31,011)
Permits & Fees	10,000	9,754	(246)
Miscellaneous	1,498,701	85,877	(1,412,824)
Debt Service			
Principal	-	47,086	47,086
Total Expenditures	5,256,855	3,710,246	(1,546,609)
Change in Net Position Before Allocation	284,655	1,007,451	\$ 722,796
Allocation Between Funds	-	-	
Change in Net Position	284,655	1,007,451	
Fund Balance, June 30, 2023	7,001,426	6,082,410	
Fund Balance, June 30, 2024	\$ 7,286,081	\$ 7,089,861	

See the accompanying notes to financial statements

P.O. Box 160
Lincoln, CA 95648
Office (916) 434-1662
Fax (916) 434-1090

**INDEPENDENT AUDITOR’S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER
FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED
ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE
WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS***

To the Board of Directors
Reclamation District No. 784
Arboga, California

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, and each major fund of the Reclamation District No. 784 (RD 784), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the RD 784’s basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated July 23, 2025.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the RD 784’s internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the RD 784’s internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the RD 784’s internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity’s financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of the internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the RD 784's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.



Jensen Smith
Certified Public Accountants, Inc.
Lincoln, California
July 23, 2025

P.O. Box 160
Lincoln, CA 95648
Office (916) 434-1662
Fax (916) 434-1090

July 23, 2025

Board of Directors
Reclamation District No. 784
Arboga, California

Dear Ladies and Gentlemen,

The audit went very smoothly this year with a bit of a late start. The assistance from the outside accountant in preparing for the audit and the preparation of the financial statements was a great help to us again this year. The delays in reports from the County caused some issues getting started, but we are hopeful that the changes in their accounting system will be smoothed out now.

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Reclamation District No. 784 (the District) for the year ended June 30, 2024, we considered the District's internal controls in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on internal control. We previously reported on the District's internal control in our report dated July 23, 2025. This letter does not affect that report or the report on the financial statements dated July 23, 2025.

The size of the District's accounting and administrative staff precludes certain internal controls that would be preferred if the office staff were large enough to provide optimum segregation of duties. This situation dictates that the Board of Directors remains involved in the financial affairs of the District to provide oversight and independent review functions.

We would like to thank your staff for their assistance in completing this audit. We wish you continued success in the current year.

Sincerely,



Jensen Smith
Certified Public Accountants, Inc.
Lincoln, California